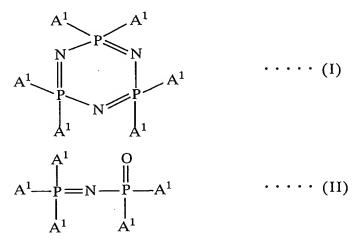
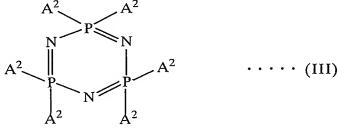
CLAIMS

1. A support salt for a cell comprising a compound represented by the following formula (I) or (II):



(in the formulae (I) and (II), A¹ is independently NRLi or F, and at least one A¹ is NRLi, and R is a monovalent substituent).

- 2. A support salt for a cell according to claim 1, wherein R in the formula (I) or (II) is a phenyl group.
- 3. A method of producing a support salt for a cell, which comprises the steps of:
- (i) a step of reacting a phosphazene derivative represented by the following formula (III) with a primary amine represented by the following formula (IV) to produce a phosphazene derivative represented by the following formula (V); and
- (ii) a step of adding the phosphazene derivative of the formula
 (V) with a lithium alkoxide to produce a compound represented by the following equation (I):



(wherein A² is F or Cl)

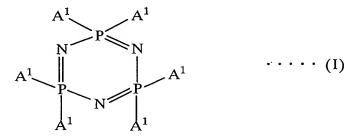
$$R - NH_2$$
 ····· (IV)

(wherein R is a monovalent substituent)

$$A^{3} \qquad P \qquad A^{3} \qquad \cdots \qquad (V)$$

$$A^{3} \qquad P \qquad A^{3} \qquad A^{3} \qquad \cdots \qquad (V)$$

(wherein A³ is independently NHR or F, and at least one A³ is NHR, and R is a monovalent substituent)



(wherein A¹ is independently NRLi or F, and at least one A¹ is NRLi, and R is a monovalent substituent).

- 4. A method of producing a support salt for a cell according to claim 3, wherein the primary amine of the formula (IV) is aniline.
- 5. A method of producing a support salt for a cell, which comprises the steps of:
- (i) a step of reacting a phosphazene derivative represented by the following formula (VI) with a primary amine represented by the following formula (IV) to produce a phosphazene derivative represented by the following formula (VII); and
- (ii) a step of adding the phosphazene derivative of the formula (VII) with a lithium alkoxide to produce a compound represented by the following equation (II):

$$A^{2} \longrightarrow P = N \longrightarrow P \longrightarrow A^{2} \qquad \cdots \qquad (VI)$$

$$A^{2} \longrightarrow A^{2} \qquad A^{2} \qquad A^{2} \qquad \cdots$$

(wherein A² is F or Cl)

$$R - NH_2$$
 ···· (IV)

(wherein R is a monovalent substituent)

$$A^{3} \stackrel{\stackrel{}{\underset{}}}{\underset{}} P = N \stackrel{\stackrel{}{\underset{}}}{\underset{}} N \stackrel{\stackrel{}{\underset{}}}{\underset{}} A^{3} \qquad \cdots \qquad (VII)$$

(wherein A³ is independently NHR or F, and at least one A³ is NHR, and R is a monovalent substituent)

$$A^{1} \longrightarrow P = N \longrightarrow P \longrightarrow A^{1} \qquad \cdots \qquad (II)$$

(wherein A¹ is independently NRLi or F, and at least one A¹ is NRLi, and R is a monovalent substituent).

- 6. A method of producing a support salt for a cell according to claim 5, wherein the primary amine of the formula (IV) is aniline.
- 7. A non-aqueous electrolyte cell comprising a positive electrode, a negative electrode and a non-aqueous electrolyte comprising an aprotic organic solvent and a support salt as claimed in claim 1.
- 8. A non-aqueous electrolyte cell according to claim 7, wherein a phosphazene derivative or an isomer of a phosphazene derivative is added to the aprotic organic solvent.
- 9. A non-aqueous electrolyte cell according to claim 8, wherein the phosphazene derivative has a viscosity at 25°C of not more than 300 mPa·s (300 cP) and is represented by the following formula (VIII) or (IX):

(wherein R^1 , R^2 and R^3 are independently a monovalent substituent or a halogen element, and X^1 is a substituent containing at least one element selected from the group consisting of carbon, silicon, germanium, tin, nitrogen, phosphorus, arsenic, antimony, bismuth, oxygen, sulfur, selenium, tellurium and polonium, and Y^1 , Y^2 and Y^3 are independently a bivalent connecting group, a bivalent element or a single bond)

$$(NPR^4_2)_n$$
 ···· (IX)

(wherein R⁴ is independently a monovalent substituent or a halogen element, and n is 3-15).

10. A non-aqueous electrolyte cell according to claim 9, wherein the phosphazene derivative of the formula (IX) is represented by the following formula (X):

$$(NPF_2)_n$$
 $\cdots (X)$

(wherein n is 3-13).

11. A non-aqueous electrolyte cell according to claim 9, wherein the phosphazene derivative of the formula (IX) is represented by the following formula (XI):

$$(NPR52)n$$
 ···· (XI)

(wherein R5 is independently a monovalent substituent or fluorine, and at least one of all R⁵s is a fluorine containing monovalent substituent or fluorine, and n is 3-8, provided that all of R⁵s are not fluorine).

12. A non-aqueous electrolyte cell according to claim 8, wherein the phosphazene derivative is a solid at 25°C and is represented by the following formula (XII):

$$A^{3} \longrightarrow P = N \longrightarrow P \longrightarrow A^{3}$$
 (VII)

(wherein R⁶ is independently a monovalent substituent or a halogen element, and n is 3-6).

13. A non-aqueous electrolyte cell according to claim 8, wherein the isomer of the phosphazene derivative is represented by the following formula (XIII) and is an isomer of a phosphazene derivative represented by the following formula (XIV):

$$R^{7}Y^{7} - P = N - X^{2} \qquad \cdots \qquad (XIV)$$

$$V^{8}R^{8}$$

(in the formulae (XIII) and (XIV), R^7 , R^8 and R^9 are independently a monovalent substituent or a halogen element, and X^2 is a substituent containing at least one element selected from the group consisting of carbon, silicon, germanium, tin, nitrogen, phosphorus, arsenic, antimony, bismuth, oxygen, sulfur, selenium, tellurium and polonium, and Y^7 and Y^8 are independently a bivalent connecting group, a bivalent element or a single bond).

- 14. A polymer cell comprising a positive electrode, a negative electrode, an electrolyte comprising a support salt as claimed in claim 1 and a polymer.
- 15. A polymer cell according to claim 14, wherein the polymer is at least one of polyethylene oxide, polyacrylate and polypropylene oxide.
- 16. A polymer cell according to claim 14 or 15, wherein the polymer has a weight average molecular weight of not less than 10000.
- 17. A polymer cell according to claim 16, wherein the weight average molecular weight of the polymer is not less than 5000000.
- 18. A polymer cell according to any one of claims 14-18, wherein the phosphazene derivative has a viscosity at 25°C of not more than 300 mPa·s (300 cP) and is represented by the following formula (VIII) or (IX):

$$R^{2}Y^{2} - P = N - X^{1}$$

$$\downarrow^{N^{3}R^{3}}$$

$$\cdots (VIII)$$

(wherein R^1 , R^2 and R^3 are independently a monovalent substituent or a halogen element, and X^1 is a substituent containing at least one element selected from the group consisting of carbon, silicon, germanium, tin, nitrogen, phosphorus, arsenic, antimony, bismuth,

oxygen, sulfur, selenium, tellurium and polonium, and Y^1 , Y^2 and Y^3 are independently a bivalent connecting group, a bivalent element or a single bond)

$$(NPR_2)_n$$
 ···· (IX)

(wherein R⁴ is independently a monovalent substituent or a halogen element, and n is 3-15).

21. A polymer cell according to claim 20, wherein the phosphazene derivative of the formula (IX) is represented by the following formula (X):

$$(NPF_2)_n$$
 $\cdots (X)$

(wherein n is 3-13).

22. A polymer cell according to claim 20, wherein the phosphazene derivative of the formula (IX) is represented by the following formula (XI):

$$(NPR^{5}_{2})_{n}$$
 ···· (XI)

(wherein R⁵ is independently a monovalent substituent or fluorine, and at least one of all R⁵s is a fluorine containing monovalent substituent or fluorine, and n is 3-8, provided that all of R⁵s are not fluorine).

23. A polymer cell according to claim 19, wherein the phosphazene derivative is a solid at 25°C and is represented by the following formula (XII):

$$(NPR^{6}_{2})_{n}$$
 ···· (XII)

(wherein R⁶ is independently a monovalent substituent or a halogen element, and n is 3-6).

24. A polymer cell according to claim 19, wherein the isomer of the phosphazene derivative is represented by the following formula (XIII) and is an isomer of a phosphazene derivative represented by the following formula (XIV):

$$R^{7}Y^{7} - P - N - X^{2} \qquad \cdots \qquad (XIII)$$

$$Y^{8}R^{8} \qquad \cdots \qquad (XIV)$$

$$R^{7}Y^{7} - P = N - X^{2} \qquad \cdots \qquad (XIV)$$

$$Y^{8}R^{8}$$

(in the formulae (XIII) and (XIV), R^7 , R^8 and R^9 are independently a monovalent substituent or a halogen element, and X^2 is a substituent containing at least one element selected from the group consisting of carbon, silicon, germanium, tin, nitrogen, phosphorus, arsenic, antimony, bismuth, oxygen, sulfur, selenium, tellurium and polonium, and Y^7 and Y^8 are independently a bivalent connecting group, a bivalent element or a single bond).

- 25. A polymer cell according to any one of claims 19-24, wherein a total content of the phosphazene derivative and the isomer of the phosphazene derivative in the electrolyte is at least 0.5% by mass.
- 26. A polymer cell according to claim 25, wherein the total content of the phosphazene derivative and the isomer of the phosphazene derivative in the electrolyte is at least 2.5% by mass.